About the Urban Land Institute

• The mission of the Urban Land Institute is to provide leadership in the responsible use of land and in creating and sustaining thriving communities worldwide.

• ULI is a member-driven organization with over 37,000 members worldwide.
ULI Building Healthy Places Initiative & Rose Center for Public Leadership
About the Healthy Corridors Project

Across the U.S., communities aspire to become more economically vibrant, equitable, and sustainable places.

Corridors often impede this aspiration:
Can we reinvent them in healthier ways?

Supported by the Colorado Health Foundation and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation
About the Healthy Corridors Project: Demonstration Corridors

Boise – Vista Avenue (ULI Idaho)

Nashville - Charlotte Avenue (ULI Nashville)

Los Angeles - Van Nuys Boulevard (ULI LA)

Denver - Federal Boulevard (ULI Colorado)
About the Healthy Corridors Project: Goals and Outcomes

• Spur equitable health, safety, transportation, and land use improvements along Demonstration Corridors
• Advance a new, healthier vision for corridors and surrounding land uses
• Help nurture and create a new community of practice for “corridor oriented development”
National Study Visit Participants

Chair: James Moore, Jacobs Advance Planning Group, Tampa, FL
Patti Clare, Neel-Schaffer, Inc., Louisville, KY
Tracy Kane, Dodson, Parker, Behm & Capparella, PC, Nashville, TN
Stuart Levin, Wake Internal Medicine Consultants & Blue Ridge Corridor Stakeholder Advisory Group, Raleigh, NC
Danny Pleasant, Charlotte Department of Transportation, Charlotte, NC
Michael Wojcik, City of Rochester, Rochester, MN
Local Leadership Group

Chair: Bob Taunton, Taunton Group, LLC  
Cece Gassner, Boise State University  
AnaMarie Guiles, City of Boise  
Jim Hansen, Ada County Highway District  
Dave Kangas, Vista Neighborhood Association  
Rebecca Lemmons, United Way  
Ben Quintana, City of Boise/St. Luke’s Health System
National Study Visit Assignment

1. How can the Vista corridor public infrastructure be reconfigured to improve health & enhance the corridor’s function as a gateway?

2. What are key place-making strategies that will create activity and drive on-going re-investment?

3. What are successful processes to create and implement a corridor vision plan?

4. How can corridor programming and improvements be funded or financed?

5. What is the best organizational structure to champion this effort now and over the long haul?
The Study Area

**Length of Study Section:** 1.7 miles

**Average # of Lanes:** 4-6 lanes of traffic

**Average Vehicle Speed:** 35-40 mph

**Available Transit Options:** Bus, 30 min. headways, 7am–7pm

**Bike lanes:** 0 miles

**Sidewalks:** The corridor has 4’ sidewalks adjacent to the street with few sidewalk connections on streets off Vista Avenue preventing a safe, walkable neighborhood

**Income Data:** Median household income of $35,551

**Safety:** Vista Ave carries 23,000 cars a day but only has 7 pedestrian crosswalks; from 2011-2013 there were 249 accidents on the corridor

**Land Use:** some single-family housing, single story strip commercial, car and tire dealers, auto repair shops, fast food, drive-ins, bars, pawn shops and adult entertainment venues

**Distinguishing Features:** Vista Avenue acts as a gateway to the city of Boise and connects the airport to I-84, Boise State University, and the downtown
Gateway (n.)

- Something that serves as an entrance, a means of access
- Enables communication between networks that use different communication protocols
Vista Avenue: Assets

- Location: access to downtown, connector to airport, centrally located within the valley
- Opportunity development sites
- Vista Village
- Locally owned businesses
- Undergrounded utilities
- Affordable and diverse housing stock
- Adjacency to waterways
- Icons: Boise Depot, Betty the “washer woman”
- Current political attention (Energize our Neighborhoods)
- Flexible zoning
- Several schools with lots of programming
Vista Avenue: Challenges

- Coordination between land use and transportation agencies
- Multiple jurisdictions control the corridor
- Lack of a unified vision/identity
- No entity feels “ownership” for the corridor
- High traffic speeds
- Lack of safe ped/bike infrastructure (extremely auto oriented)
- Questionable ADA compliance
- Disconnects between:
  - Depot Bench and Vista Neighborhoods
  - Depot Bench and Energize our Neighborhoods
  - City of Boise and ACHD
What is a Healthy Vista Avenue?

• Walkable: including safer crosswalks, wider & more protected sidewalks
• Bike amenities
• Parks and community gathering places
• Sense of community/social capital
• Local businesses
• Maintained diversity/affordability of housing
• Welcome to all populations & cultures
• Focus on local affordable and diverse food options
What needs to be done?

- Infrastructure
- Land Use
- Economic Development
- Culture, Social Connectivity, and Health
What needs to be done?
Infrastructure

- Address **all modes** of transportation safely and comfortably
- Consider converting Vista to one through lane in each direction, center left turn lanes and protected bike lanes.
  - If not acceptable, consider permitting off peak parallel parking if multiple lanes are maintained
What needs to be done?
Infrastructure

- Address potential ADA sidewalk liabilities

- Devote minimum 12’ on each side of street to pedestrian and planting space.
What needs to be done?

Infrastructure

- Center median shared turn lane/tree planting area (35’ on center)/pedestrian refuge
- Support bike connections especially to businesses whether lanes are added along Vista or other parallel streets
What needs to be done?
Infrastructure

- Consider adding signals at more intersections, including pedestrian countdown feature
- Prominent and easily identified transit nodes – shelters, benches, schedule displays
- Remove right turn slip lane at the Overland/Vista intersection
What needs to be done?

Land Use

- Mixed use designation
  - Facilitates flexibility in meeting market demand
What needs to be done?

Land Use

- Form Based Code
  - Encourages:
    - appropriate placement, massing and configuration of buildings supporting street level activity;
    - public gathering spaces;
    - and a distinct sense of place.
What needs to be done?
Land Use

- District parking strategies/shared parking
  - Optimizes parking as a resource
  - Encourages complementary use patterns
  - Facilitates access management
  - Improves safety and traffic flow
What needs to be done?
Economic Development

- Support local businesses, such as ethnic restaurants, through strategies such as façade grants & low interest loans
What needs to be done?

Economic Development

- Promote redevelopment of existing buildings to support affordability and sustainability
What needs to be done?
Economic Development

- Develop infill prototypes to demonstrate potential reuse of typical lot types (25 foot lots and zero setbacks, etc.)
What needs to be done?  
Culture, Social Connectivity, and Health

- Embracing an “Identity”
  - Use placemaking to build identity and ownership
  - Embrace international culture
- Marketing the “international district” for immigrant-owned restaurants
- Programs in existing parks
  - “Brooklyn” of Idaho: the new creative district
What needs to be done?
Culture, Social Connectivity, and Health

- Tactical Urbanism
  - Walkable signs, pop-ups, parklets, public art
  - Demonstrate corridor walkability
  - Weekend beautification projects
What needs to be done?
Culture, Social Connectivity, and Health

- Building Social Capital
  - Community garden
  - Work with refugee communities
  - Engage schools (reach to immigrants, seniors, special needs populations)
  - Engage local artists to create long-term art projects
  - Focus public art projects in the “gateway” areas and central nodes to reinforce identity and community bonds
What needs to be done?
Culture, Social Connectivity, and Health

• Relationship Building and Neighborhood Partnerships
  – Between Depot Bench Neighborhood Association, Energize Vista, and local businesses
  • Partner on local events/pop-ups in existing spaces
  – Support formation of a business association for local businesses
What is the process?

- Establish Vista Avenue executive steering committee through inter-agency agreement
- Conduct an objective assessment of the corridor district
- Develop a unified vision to help prioritize opportunities
  - Coordination between city, Energize initiative, Depot Bench, ACHD, etc.
- Ensure appropriate staffing
  - Hire an individual with responsibility for Vista
- Evaluate potential funding sources
  - Federal, state, regional, local, philanthropy
- Establish an implementation program
What needs to be done?
Infrastructure

• ACHD Mission, Vision, and Priorities

Vision
Leading transportation innovation – Investing in communities.

Mission
We drive quality transportation for all Ada County – Anytime, Anywhere!

Our Priorities
Serve as the criteria for judging every choice we make going forward.

1. Our People - our competitive edge in the workplace is the source of our strength.
2. Effective and efficient execution
3. Leaders in technology, design, and innovation
4. Safety throughout the District for its employees and citizens
Case Study: Uptown District, Rochester, MN
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Discussion, Comments, and Questions